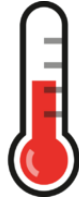


TREATING FEVER



A What-To-Do Guide for children 12-36 months

MONITOR, TREAT, AND CALL YOUR PRIMARY CARE DOCTOR DURING NORMAL BUSINESS HOURS.

- Temperature is **100.5-102.9°F**. This can be normal- a sign of fighting infection.
- Child is eating, drinking, peeing, playing, and behaving normally.
- Give Tylenol, Motrin: follow instructions on box.
- Keep cool, dress in light clothing, offer extra fluids. Let them sleep!
- During COVID-19, consider keeping child home until fever has been absent for 24 hours.

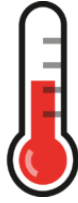
CALL YOUR PRIMARY CARE DOCTOR, EVEN AFTER HOURS, WE ARE HERE FOR YOU!

- Temperature is between **103-105°F**.
- Child is not eating, drinking, peeing (few wet diapers), playing, or behaving normally.
- If fever last more than 3 days, or child was recently immunized.
- You are worried.

SEEK IMMEDIATE HELP! CALL 911 OR GO TO YOUR NEAREST EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT IF YOUR CHILD:

- Temperature is **higher than 105°F**.
- Can't wake up (*do not give anything by mouth*).
- Is having trouble breathing.
- Has been in extreme heat.
- Has changes in skin color, blue lips.

TREATING FEVER



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children 12-36 months

ADDITIONAL HOMECARE TIPS

*Disclaimer: This does not take the place of 911 or an emergency.
This is for educational purposes only.*

For specific medical advice, diagnoses and treatment,
talk with your healthcare provider.



For information on how to check your child's temperature, how much
medicine to give your child, and additional resources for parents,
please visit Pediatric Associates of Hampden County website:

www.PAHCpediatrics.com



Never give your child Aspirin
as this may lead to a fatal illness, Reyes Syndrome.



This information is not applicable to children
under 3 months of age

Resource:
American Academy of Pediatrics: www.healthychildren.org

Pediatric Associates of Hampden County, Inc

Westfield 413-562-5256

West Springfield: 413-734-1001

www.PAHCpediatrics.com

